Audited Financial Statements

Town of Newcastle, Maine

June 30, 2016



Proven Expertise and Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2016

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Proven Expertise and IntegrityINDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Selectmen Town of Newcastle Newcastle, Maine

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newcastle, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newcastle, Maine as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 11 and 38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Newcastle, Maine's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Departmental Operations – General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 20-A MRSA §6051, Sub-chapter 1(K) of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Departmental Operations – General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Departmental Operations – General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Buxton, Maine

December 27, 2016

RHRSmith & Company

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

(UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Newcastle, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

Financial Statement Overview

The Town of Newcastle Maine's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the Town's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position – this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities – this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above mentioned financial statements have one column for the Town's one type of activity. The type of activity presented for the Town of Newcastle, Maine is:

 Governmental activities – The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). All of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include general government, public safety, health and welfare, public works, education, and other unclassified.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Newcastle, Maine, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Newcastle, Maine are categorized as governmental funds.

Governmental funds: All of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Town.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Town of Newcastle, Maine presents two columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Town's major governmental fund is the general fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "All Nonmajor Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the Town legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position, and changes in net position of the Town's governmental activities. The Town's total net position increased by \$653,145 from \$3,369,660 to \$4,022,805

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased to a balance of \$1,182,095.

Table 1
Town of Newcastle, Maine
Net Position
June 30,

	2016	2015
Assets:		
Current Assets	\$ 1,612,731	\$ 1,102,778
Capital Assets	3,100,461	3,190,540
Total Assets	4,713,192	4,293,318
l inhilition.		
Liabilities:	044.054	0.40.000
Current Liabilities	241,854	249,829
Long-term Debt Outstanding	372,315	605,063
Total Liabilities	614,169	854,892
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Prepaid taxes	76,218	68,766
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	76,218	68,766
Net Position:		
	2,499,212	2,348,415
Net Investment in Capital Assets		, ,
Restricted - nonexpendable Restricted:	108,037	104,732
General fund	233,461	44,617
Permanent funds	44,565	28,020
Unrestricted	1,137,530	843,876
Total Net Position	\$ 4,022,805	\$ 3,369,660

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased by 6.12% while total expenses increased by 2.71%. The increase in revenues was mainly due to property taxes. Expenses increased across nearly all the categories partially offset by decreases in public safety, interest on long-term debt and unclassified.

Table 2
Town of Newcastle, Maine
Change in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	2016	2015
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 27,756	\$ 36,490
Operating grants & contributions	107,777	89,421
General Revenues:		
Property taxes	4,567,278	4,358,577
Excise taxes	370,340	328,943
Grants and contributions not restricted		
to specific programs	156,419	143,017
Miscellaneous	78,909	45,990
Total Revenues	5,308,479	5,002,438
Expenses		
General government	450,978	341,199
Public safety	178,594	208,848
Health and welfare	107,655	106,961
Public works	365,825	312,472
County tax	372,803	343,043
Education	2,929,353	2,904,986
Interest on long-term debt	30,831	37,113
Capital outlay	29,670	-
Unclassified	189,625	277,912
Total Expenses	4,655,334	4,532,534
Change in Net Position	653,145	469,904
Net Position - July 1	3,369,660	2,899,756
Net Position - June 30	\$ 4,022,805	\$ 3,369,660

Financial Analysis of the Town's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Town of Newcastle, Maine
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

	2016	2015
General Fund:		
Nonspendable	\$ 16,326	\$ -
Restricted	233,461	44,617
Committed	49,612	77,563
Unassigned	592,634	 380,331
Total General Fund	\$ 892,033	\$ 502,511
Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds: Assigned Capital Project Funds: Committed	\$ 54,652 146,531	\$ 29,772 62,691
Assigned Permanent Funds:	50,735	42,195
Nonspendable - principal Restricted	108,037 44,565	104,732 28,020
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$ 404,520	\$ 267,410

The general fund total fund balance increased by \$389,522 from the prior fiscal period. The nonmajor fund balances increased by \$137,110 from the prior fiscal period.

Budgetary Highlights

There was no significant difference between the original and final budget for the general fund. However, adjustments to the original budget include special town meetings and applied receipts.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded the budget by \$170,718. This was mainly a result of property taxes, excise taxes and state revenue sharing being received over budget.

The general fund actual expenditures were under budget by \$340,984. All expenditure categories were under budget.

Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2016, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the Town decreased by \$90,079. This decrease was due to capital additions of \$32,659 less current year depreciation expense of \$122,738.

Table 4 Town of Newcastle, Maine Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30,

	 2016	2015
Land and improvements Buildings and improvements Equipment & vehicles Infrastructure	\$ 131,165 523,333 518,055 1,927,908	\$ 131,165 545,871 523,861 1,989,643
Total	\$ 3,100,461	\$ 3,190,540

Debt

At June 30, 2016, the Town had notes outstanding in the amount of \$590,675 versus \$808,943 last year. Other obligations include capital leases payable. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's unassigned fund balance is below a level sufficient to sustain government operations for a period of approximately two months, however the Town maintains reserves for future operations, capital and program needs. The Town is working to rebuild unassigned fund balance to a sufficient level.

To further promote and ensure the financial well-being and fiscal stability of the Town, Newcastle adopted a Fund Balance Policy in October of 2008. The Town's management designed the policy around maintaining an appropriate level of Unassigned Fund Balance with the intent to reduce the need for borrowing, protect and enhance the Town's Bond Rating and to provide the funds necessary to meet the Town's near-term operating obligations. The policy requires that a surplus minimum be maintained equal to 1/12th or 8% of the Town's General Fund Budget, but not to exceed 15%. At June 30, 2016, the Town maintained balances below the minimum level. The

policy also includes a provision for the suggested utilization of excess funds on additional capital improvement needs and tax rate stabilization or reduction purposes.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Office at 4 Pump Street, P.O. Box 386, Newcastle, Maine 04553-0386.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,146,039
Investments	Ψ	151,786
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		,
Taxes		10,413
Liens		288,167
Tax acquired property		13,561
Prepaid expenses		2,765
Total current assets		1,612,731
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:		
Land and other assets not being depreciated		131,165
Infrastructure, buildings and vehicles net of accumulated depreciation		2,969,296
Total noncurrent assets		3,100,461
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,713,192
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	•	7.000
Accounts payable	\$	7,939
Accrued payroll liabilities		622
Due to other governments		4,359
Current portion of long-term obligations Total current liabilities		228,934 241,854
		241,034
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		264 200
Notes payable Capital leases payable		364,299 8,016
Total noncurrent liabilities		372,315
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		614,169
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Prepaid taxes		76,218
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		76,218
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		2,499,212
Restricted - nonexpendable		108,037
Restricted: General fund		233,461
Permanent funds		44,565
Unrestricted		1,137,530
TOTAL NET POSITION		4,022,805
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND		
NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	4,713,192

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Srogroup .		Ç.	Net (Expense) Revenue &
				o i i co	1	Changes III Net Fosition
		Charges for	Gra	Operating Grants &	Grants &	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contri	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 450,978	\$ 27,756	⇔	ı	ا ج	\$ (423,222)
Public safety	178,594	Ī		ı	ı	(178,594)
Health and welfare	107,655	1		ı	1	(107,655)
Public works	365,825	ı		52,421	ı	(313,404)
County tax	372,803	1		•	1	(372,803)
Education	2,929,353	1		55,356	1	(2,873,997)
Interest on long-term debt	30,831	1		ı	1	(30,831)
Capital outlay	29,670	1		•	1	(29,670)
Unclassified	189,625	1		1	1	(189,625)
Total government	\$ 4,655,334	\$ 27,756	\$	107,777	\$	(4,519,801)

STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Changes in not position:	
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(4,519,801)
General revenues:	
Taxes:	
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	4,567,278
Excise taxes	370,340
Grants and contributions not restricted to	
specific programs	156,419
Miscellaneous	78,909
Total general revenues	5,172,946
Change in net position	653,145
NET POSITION - JULY 1	3,369,660
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 4,022,805

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

, ,	General Fund		All onmajor Funds	Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance	\$ 1,093,729 -	\$	52,310 151,786	\$ 1,146,039 151,786
for uncollectibles): Taxes	10,413		-	10,413
Liens Tax acquired property	288,167 13,561		-	288,167 13,561
Prepaid expenses	2,765		-	2,765
Due from other funds	777		201,201	201,978
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,409,412	\$	405,297	\$ 1,814,709
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 7,939	\$	-	\$ 7,939
Accrued payroll liabilities	622		-	622
Due to other governments Due to other funds	4,359 201,201		- 777	4,359 201,978
TOTAL LIABILITIES	214,121		777	214,898
	_ : :, : = :			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Prepaid taxes	76,218		-	76,218
Deferred tax revenues TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	227,040 303,258			227,040 303,258
TOTAL DELETITED IN LOWS OF RESCONCES	303,230			303,230
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	16,326		108,037	124,363
Restricted	233,461		44,565	278,026
Committed	49,612		146,531	196,143
Assigned Unassigned	592,634		105,387	105,387 592,634
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	892,033		404,520	1,296,553
	•		· -	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Ф 4 400 440	ф	405.007	Ф 4 044 7 00
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,409,412	<u> </u>	405,297	\$ 1,814,709

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Total Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	\$	1,296,553
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:		3,100,461
Taxes and liens receivable Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		227,040
Notes payable Capital leases payable		(590,675) (10,574)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	4,022,805

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	All Nonmajor Funds	Totals
REVENUES			
Taxes:	ф 4 г 04 г 00	Ф	Φ 4.504.500
Property taxes	\$ 4,591,562	\$ -	\$ 4,591,562
Excise taxes	370,340	14 252	370,340
Intergovernmental	249,943	14,253	264,196 27,756
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenues	27,756 43,471	35,438	27,756 78,909
TOTAL REVENUES	5,283,072		5,332,763
TOTAL REVENUES	5,205,072	49,691	5,332,703
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government	460,562	-	460,562
Public safety	172,357	-	172,357
Health and welfare	107,655	-	107,655
Public works	295,253	-	295,253
County tax	372,803	-	372,803
Education	2,929,353	-	2,929,353
Unclassified	80,184	109,195	189,379
Debt service:			
Principal	218,268	-	218,268
Interest	30,831	-	30,831
Capital outlay		29,670	29,670
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,667,266	138,865	4,806,131
EXCESS REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	615,806	(89,174)	526,632
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	226,284	226,284
Transfers (out)	(226,284)		(226,284)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(226,284)	226,284	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	389,522	137,110	526,632
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	502,511	267,410	769,921
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 892,033	\$ 404,520	\$ 1,296,553

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 526,632
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocated those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases	32,659
Depreciation expense	(122,738)
	 (90,079)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported.	(04.004)
Taxes and liens receivable	 (24,284)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	 (11,432)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of	
Net Position	 252,308
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 653,145

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Newcastle, Maine was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town operates under the selectmen-town manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, health and sanitation, public works, education, and other unclassified.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Town's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Town. We have determined that the Town has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application". The objective of the Statement is to expand comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This Statement also will improve fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68". The objective of the Statement is to improve financial reporting by instituting a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, thereby expanding the comparability of pension-related information reported by state and local governments. Management has determined that this Statement is not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments". The objective of this Statement is to identify-in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment-the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants". This Statement establishes specific criteria used to determine whether a qualifying external investment pool may elect to use an amortized cost exception to fair value measurement. Those criteria will provide qualifying external investment pools and participants in those pools with consistent application of an amortized cost-based measurement for financial reporting purposes. That measurement approximates fair value and mirrors the operations of external investment pools that transact with participants at a stable net asset value per share.

This Statement also establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds).

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental. The Town categorizes all activities of the entity as governmental.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions (general government, public safety, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government—wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements & Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Town:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Major fund:

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Nonmajor funds:

- b. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.
- d. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. The Town's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in governmental activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column, GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in one column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Budget

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Early in the second half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the inhabitants of the Town.
- 4. The Town does not adopt budgets for Special Revenue Funds.

Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Town's investment policy requires collateralization of accounts and deposits only when exceeding an amount equal to 25% of capital, surplus and undivided profits as defined in M.S.R.A 30-A § 5706.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. The Town Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations.
- Prime bankers acceptances
- Prime commercial papers
- Repurchase agreements whose underlying collateral consist of the foregoing
- Money market mutual funds whose portfolios consist of the foregoing

It is the policy of the Town of Newcastle Maine to invest public funds in a manner in which will provide safety of principal with a market rate of return while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the town, and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of the Governmental Funds.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2016.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals, and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 50 - 100 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years Vehicles 3 - 25 years

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable and capital leases payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Town meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

Assigned – This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Selectmen.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unassigned – This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently has no deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has only one type of item, deferred tax revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Prepaid taxes also qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the upcoming fiscal year was levied July 13, 2015 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2015, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due on August 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on September 1, 2015 and April 1, 2016, at 6.0% per annum.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay, and amounted to \$27,014 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's investment policies, which follow state statutes, require that all investments be made in public funds in a manner which will provide safety of principal with a market rate of return while meeting the cash flow demands of the Town and conforming to all state statutes and local ordinances governing the investment of public funds. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes. At June 30, 2016, the Town's deposits of \$1,146,039 were comprised of bank deposits and cash equivalents of \$1,200,576. Of these bank deposits and cash equivalents, \$250,000 was insured by federal depository insurance. The remaining bank deposits of \$950,576 were collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the Town's name.

	Bank
Account Type	Balance
Municipal NOW accounts Money market accounts Savings accounts Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,149,945 33,368 2,534 14,729
	\$ 1,200,576

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2016, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

Account Type	Fair Value	Λn	Not plicable	Less t		1 E Vo	ara
Account Type	 value	<u> </u>	plicable		aı	1-5 Yea	315
Equity Securities:							
Common Stock:							
Domestic	72,421		72,421		-		-
Foreign	46,126		46,126		-		-
Real Estate Investment Trusts	 33,239		33,239				
	\$ 151,786	\$	151,786	\$		\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

In accordance with its investment policy, the Town seeks to minimize custodial credit risk by doing business with authorized institutions, depositories and broker/dealers. As such, the Town's investments of \$151,786 were fully covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as June 30, 2016:

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
			Quot	ed Prices in	Signif	ficant		
			Acti	ve Markets	Oth	ner	Signif	icant
			for	⁻ Identical	Obser	vable	Unobse	ervable
	Jun	e 30, 2016		Assets	Inp	uts	Inp	uts
		Total	(Level I)	(Lev	el II)	(Leve	el III)
Investments by Fair Value Level								
Equity Securities:								
Common Stock - Domestic & Foreign	\$	118,547	\$	118,547	\$	-	\$	-
Real Estate Investment Trusts		33,239		33,239				-
Total Equity Securities		151,786		151,786		-		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$	151,786	\$	151,786	\$		\$	

Equity securities classified in Level I of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy may be valued using publicly reliable sources or using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Securities classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using various significant unobservable inputs.

Credit risk – Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk.

Interest rate risk – is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town's investment policy seeks to limit investment maturities to less than four years when practicable as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables.

	Receivables(Due from)		Payables (Due to)
General fund	\$	19,374	\$ 219,798
Special revenue funds		51,863	-
Capital project funds		163,979	-
Permanent funds		3,956	 19,374
	\$	239,172	\$ 239,172

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance,				Balance,
	7/1/15	 dditions	Disposals		6/30/16
Governmental activities	_	 _			 _
Non-depreciated assets:					
Land	\$ 131,165	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 131,165
	131,165	-		-	131,165
Depreciated assets:					
Buildings and improvements	823,321	-		-	823,321
Equipment & vehicles	998,109	32,659		(5,000)	1,025,768
Infrastructure	 3,766,766	 -		-	3,766,766
	5,588,196	 32,659		(5,000)	5,615,855
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (2,528,821)	 (122,738)		5,000	(2,646,559)
	3,059,375	(90,079)		-	2,969,296
Net capital assets	\$ 3,190,540	\$ (90,079)	\$		\$ 3,100,461
Current year depreciation:					
General government					\$ 13,024
Public safety					38,896
Public works					70,572
Recreation					 246_
Total depreciation expense					\$ 122,738

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Total notes payable

The following is a summary of changes in the general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance, 7/1/15	Additions	Additions Deletions		Current Portion			
Notes payable Capital leases payable	\$ 808,943 33,182 \$ 842,125	\$ - 11,432 \$ 11,432	\$ (218,268) (34,040) \$ (252,308)	\$ 590,675 10,574 \$ 601,249	\$ 226,376 2,558 \$ 228,934			
The following is	a summary of	the outstandi	ng notes payal	ole:				
Note payable to Damariscotta Bank and Trust for the town office. Annual principal payments of \$19,800 plus interest at a rate of 4.24% per annum. Maturity in August of 2019. \$ 75,669								
Note payable to Damariscotta Bank and Trust for roads. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$16,418. Interest is charged at a rate of 3.970% per annum. Maturity in December of 2017. 285,306								
Note payable to Damariscotta Bank and Trust for a fire truck. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,257. Interest is charged at a rate of 4.190% per annum. Maturity in January of 2027.								

The following is a summary of outstanding note principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

\$

590,675

	F	Principal		Interest	De	Total bt Service_
2017	\$	226,376	\$	19,792	\$	246,168
2017	φ	134,554	φ	19,792	φ	145,811
		•		•		•
2019		38,991		8,458		47,449
2020		36,273		7,646		43,919
2021		20,889		6,194		27,083
2022-2026		118,818		16,597		135,415
2027-2031		14,774		221		14,995
	\$	590,675	\$	70,165	\$	660,840

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of leases outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

\$11,432, 2015 capital lease for a copier. The lease is for five years with monthly payments of \$213 through August 2021. The effective interest rate is 4.515% per annum.

The following is a summary of outstanding capital lease principal and interest requirements for the next five fiscal years ending June 30:

Year Ending	
June 30:	
2017	\$ 2,558
2018	2,558
2019	2,558
2020	2,558
2021	 1,492
Total minimum lease payments	11,724
Less: amount representing interest	 (1,150)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 10,574

NOTE 6 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2016, the Town had the following nonspendable fund balances:

General Fund:	
Tax acquired property	\$ 13,561
Prepaid expenses	2,765
Nonmajor Permanent Funds (See Schedule H)	 108,037
	\$ 124,363

NOTE 7 – RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2016, the Town had the following restricted fund balances:

General Fund:	
Education	\$ 233,461
Nonmajor Permanent Funds (See Schedule H)	44,565
	\$ 278,026

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2016, the Town had the following committed fund balances:

General Fund:	
Planning Board	\$ 31,521
Public Works	18,091
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds (See Schedule F)	 146,531
	\$ 196,143

NOTE 9 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2016, the Town had the following assigned fund balances:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Schedule D)	\$ 54,652
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds (See Schedule F)	 50,735
	\$ 105,387

NOTE10 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

At June 30, 2016, the following appropriations were exceeded by actual expenditures:

	E	xcess
Insurance (Article 12)	\$	5,861
Legal fees (Article 13)		1,500
Other administration (Article 10, 13, 14 and 29)		4,080
Cemetaries/parks (Article 26)		1,240
	\$	12,681

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The Town is contingently liable for its proportionate share of any defaulted debt by entities of which it is a member. As of June 30, 2016, the Town's share of County and School debt was approximately:

	 utstanding Debt	Town's Percentage	Total Share
County of Lincoln GSB School	\$ 6,799,305 450,000	3.95% 39.12%	\$ 268,573 176,040 444,613

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance or participates in a public entity and self-insured risk pool sponsored by the Maine Municipal Association.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2016. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

The Town participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS

The Town of Newcastle, Maine, has entered into two contracts for snow removal services with Hagar Enterprises. The first contract for Town roads is effective until 2019 and the second contract for Town buildings is effective until 2018. The Town has also entered into a contract with the assessor's agent. This contract is effective until 2019. The annual contracts' costs are as follows:

Fiscal Years	 Sanding ar	nd Plo	wing			
Ending			Town	As	ssessor's	
June 30,	Roads	B	uildings		Agent	Total
2017 2018 2019	\$ 233,764 241,946 252,833	\$	40,699 41,920	\$	17,550 17,940 18,330	\$ 292,013 301,806 271,163

For the twelve months ended June 30, 2016, the Town paid a total of \$252,642 for both of these contracts for sand and snow removal service and a total of \$17,160 for the assessor's agent. All future contract amounts are subject to annual appropriation by the Town of Newcastle, Maine.

NOTE 15 - INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT

As of July 1, 2011, the Town entered into an agreement with the Town of Damariscotta for the purpose of sharing and co-employment of municipal employees to deliver municipal services and/or municipal functions which currently are provided by each town independently of one another. No separate legal or administrative entity has been created by the agreement. The agreement has an initial four-year term, with a renewal option available. Costs are allocated between the parties on a pro-rata basis for all services. The agreement becomes voidable if at any time a request for an appropriation of funds is defeated in a town meeting.

NOTE 16 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

 Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual -General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					\	√ariance
	Budgeted	l Ar	nounts	Actual		Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	1)	Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 502,511	\$	502,511	\$ 502,511	\$	_
Resources (Inflows):	,	·	,	,	·	
Property taxes	4,567,274		4,567,274	4,591,562		24,288
Excise taxes	281,000		281,000	370,340		89,340
Intergovernmental:	,		ŕ	,		,
State revenue sharing	50,000		50,000	70,363		20,363
Homestead exemption	41,912		41,912	44,757		2,845
State education subsidy	_		23,722	23,722		-
Tree Growth	25,000		25,000	34,920		9,920
Local road assistance	35,000		38,168	38,168		_
Other	4,054		35,688	38,013		2,325
Charges for services	26,590		26,590	27,756		1,166
Interest on taxes	17,000		17,000	21,791		4,791
Interest income	6,000		6,000	15,840		9,840
Miscellaneous revenues	-		-	5,840		5,840
Transfers from other funds	-		-	-		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	5,556,341		5,614,865	5,785,583		170,718
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	439,776		499,776	460,562		39,214
Public safety	177,279		177,279	172,357		4,922
Health and welfare	112,500		112,500	107,655		4,845
Public works	292,624		313,355	295,253		18,102
County tax	372,803		372,803	372,803		· <u>-</u>
Education	3,089,464		3,189,437	2,929,353		260,084
Debt service:						·
Principal	218,268		218,268	218,268		_
Interest	30,831		30,831	30,831		-
Unclassified	94,001		94,001	80,184		13,817
Transfers to other funds	226,284		226,284	226,284		· <u>-</u>
Total Charges to Appropriations	5,053,830		5,234,534	4,893,550		340,984
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 502,511	\$	380,331	\$ 892,033	\$	511,702
Utilization of Restricted Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	122,180	\$ -	\$	(122,180)

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	ОШ	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	ا
General government									
Town admin/treasurer/tax coll.	↔	63,000	<u>ч</u>	θ	63,000	↔	62,994	9	ω.
Town clerk/registrar		38,480	ı		38,480		38,480	1	
Deputies		53,387	ı		53,387		42,913	10,474	₹†
Code enforcement		10,000	ı		10,000		5,520	4,480	0
Payroll taxes		2,300	ı		2,300		2,333	(33)	3
Selectmen		7,500	ı		7,500		7,500		
Assessing agent		17,160	ı		17,160		17,160	1	
Town owned buildings		27,000	ı		27,000		23,282	3,718	m
Planning/design review board		61,250	000'09		121,250		89,479	31,771	_
Election workers		550	ı		550		637	(87)	~
Recording secretary		1,400	ı		1,400		821	579	· (C)
Insurance		32,715	ı		32,715		38,576	(5,861)	=
Fringe benefits		48,434	•		48,434		48,687	(253)	3
Legal fees		22,500	ı		22,500		24,000	(1,500)	<u> </u>
Other administration		54,100			54,100		58,180	(4,080)	<u> </u>
		439,776	000'09		499,776		460,562	39,214	 ↓
Health and welfare:									
Septic waste contract		2,500	ı		2,500		2,300	200	0
Transfer Station		105,000	ı		105,000		102,834	2,166	ω
General assistance		5,000	1		2,000		2,521	2,479	0
		112,500	1		112,500		107,655	4,845	اما
Public works:									
Snow removal		253,110	ı		253,110		252,642	468	m
Roads maintenance		39,514	20,731		60,245		42,611	17,634	4
		292,624	20,731		313,355		295,253	18,102	اما

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public safety: Fire chief	602.68	1	39.709	39,708	_
Officers' salary	2,960	1	2,960	3,060	(100)
Firemen / call pay	15,100	•	15,100	13,933	1,167
Fringe benefits	8,700	1	8,700	8,026	674
Phones	2,100	•	2,100	2,396	(296)
S.C.B.A.	4,290	•	4,290	4,552	(262)
Communications	2,000	•	2,000	6,982	18
Training	3,000	•	3,000	1,862	1,138
Dry hydrant	550	•	220	1	920
New equipment	5,000	•	2,000	5,276	(276)
Vehicle maintenance	5,500	•	2,500	5,506	(9)
Turn out gear	3,000	1	3,000	2,947	53
Admin	4,560	Ī	4,560	5,040	(480)
Vehicles/gas and oil	000'6	Ī	000'6	8,927	73
Animal control officer	5,000	Ī	2,000	3,215	1,785
Protection	6,502	ı	6,502	5,988	514
Hydrants	46,968	Ī	46,968	46,968	•
Street lights	7,390	•	7,390	7,021	369
Emergency management	850	•	820	850	
Health officer	100	Ī	100	100	
	177,279	1	177,279	172,357	4,922
County tax	372,803	-	372,803	372,803	•
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :					
Education: Elementary education	1.924.095	1	1.924.095	1,924,095	•
Secondary education	1,158,967	99,973	1,258,940	998,856	260,084
Adult ed	6,402	•	6,402	6,402	
	3,089,464	99,973	3,189,437	2,929,353	260,084

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	(0)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt Service: Principal Interest		218,268 30,831		1 1	218,268 30,831	218,268 30,831	1 1
		249,099		 -	249,099	249,099	1
Unclassified:							
Cemeteries/parks		23,600		Ī	23,600	24,840	(1,240)
Not for profit and other orgs		38,387		Ī	38,387	38,387	ı
Abatements		5,000		1	5,000	•	5,000
Overlay		27,014		Ī	27,014	16,957	10,057
		94,001			94,001	80,184	13,817
Transfers:							
Special revenue funds		109,534		1	109,534	109,534	ı
Capital project funds		116,750		ı	116,750	116,750	•
		226,284		 -	226,284	226,284	
Total Expenditures	ઝ	5,053,830	\$ 180,	180,704 \$	5,234,534	\$ 4,893,550	\$ 340,984

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	R	Special evenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	P(ermanent Funds	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance	\$	2,789	\$ 34,834 15,938	\$	14,687 135,848	\$ 52,310 151,786
for uncollectibles) Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	51,863 54,652	\$ 146,561 197,333	\$	2,777 153,312	\$ 201,201 405,297
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	-	\$ - 67	\$	- 710	\$ - 777
TOTAL LIABILITIES			67		710	777
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		54,652 54,652	- 146,531 50,735 - 197,266		108,037 44,565 - - - 152,602	108,037 44,565 146,531 105,387 - 404,520
		54,052	197,200		152,602	404,520
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	54,652	\$ 197,333	\$	153,312	\$ 405,297

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Investment income, net of unrealized	c	ф. 4.004	Ф 4C 244	ф. 40.22F
gains/(losses) Interest income	\$ - 1	\$ 1,981 -	\$ 16,344 -	\$ 18,325 1
Other	17,904	9,955	3,506	31,365
TOTAL REVENUES	17,905	11,936	19,850	49,691
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	-	29,670	-	29,670
Other	102,559	6,636		109,195
EXPENDITURES	102,559	36,306		138,865
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(84,654)	(24,370)	19,850	(89,174)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	109,534	116,750	_ 	226,284
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	109,534	116,750_		226,284
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	24,880	92,380	19,850	137,110
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	29,772	104,886	132,752	267,410
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 54,652	\$ 197,266	\$ 152,602	\$ 404,520

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	terlocal reement	nt Harbor ccount	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ -	\$ 2,789	\$ 2,789
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	_	_	_
Due from other funds	51,268	595	51,863
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 51,268	\$ 3,384	\$ 54,652
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES			
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-
Committed Assigned	- 51,268	- 3,384	- 54,652
Unassigned	-	-	 -
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	51,268	3,384	54,652
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND			
BALANCES	\$ 51,268	\$ 3,384	\$ 54,652

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	nterlocal greement	t Harbor ccount	Totals
REVENUES Interest income Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 14,253 14,253	\$ 1 3,651 3,652	\$ 1 17,904 17,905
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	101,786 101,786	 773 773	 102,559 102,559
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (87,533)	2,879	 (84,654)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 109,534	 - - -	 109,534
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	22,001	2,879	24,880
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	 29,267	505	 29,772
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 51,268	\$ 3,384	\$ 54,652

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, MAINE

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Con	Conservation Town Forest	Road Reserve	Alewives Reserve	Park Reserve	Public Works Equipment Reserve	Playground Reserve	Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	ω ω	1,547 15,938 - 17,485	\$ - 114,871 \$ 114,871	\$ 33,287	\$ 1,250 \$ 1,250	\$ - - 26,010 \$ 26,010	\$ - 4,400 \$ 4,400	34,834 - 15,938 - 146,561 - \$ 197,333
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	₩	<u>79</u>	φ	ω	₩	σ	φ	29 \$ -
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		- 17,418 - 17,418	114,871	33,317	1,250	26,010	4,400	- 146,531 - 50,735 - 197,266
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	↔	17,485	\$ 114,871	\$ 33,317	\$ 1,250	\$ 26,010	\$ 4,400	\$ 197,333

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, MAINE

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Cons	Conservation Town Forest	Road Reserve	Alewives Reserve	Park Reserve	Public Works Equipment Reserve	Playground Reserve	Totals
REVENUES Income, net of unrealized	•	0	•		•	•	•	
gains/(losses) Interest income	₩	1,898	ı ı ∽	83 '	ι ι 9	ι ι 9	ι ι 9	5 1,981
Other		•		9,205	100		029	9,955
TOTAL REVENUES		1,898	1	9,288	100	ı	650	11,936
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		ı	29,670	1	,	•	1	29,670
Other		•	1	2,646	I	3,990	1	6,636
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		ı	29,670	2,646	'	3,990	ı	36,306
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,898	(29,670)	6,642	100	(3,990)	650	(24,370)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		ı	100,000	1	250	15,000	1,500	116,750
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOLIRCES (LISES)			100 000		250	15,000	1500	116 750
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,898	70,330	6,642	350	11,010	2,150	92,380
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		15,520	44,541	26,675	006	15,000	2,250	104,886
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	↔	17,418	\$ 114,871	\$ 33,317	\$ 1,250	\$ 26,010	\$ 4,400	\$ 197,266

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Town of Newcastle, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. These funds have been established for various purposes including the provision and/or maintenance of the cemeteries.

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, MAINE

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		C & M Hatch	إين	Sheepscot	ਹ	lidden		Pine Knoll	White	Whitehouse	± e	Hussey Cemetery		Worthy Poor	Cel	Cemetery Trust		Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	0 0	238 2,455 -	о 6	3,951 40,716 2,622 47,289	6 6	2,024 20,863 -	0 0	3,397 35,008 155 38,560	о о	55 566 - 621	6	248 2,556 -	6 6	3,269 33,684 - -	6 6	1,505	φ \	14,687 135,848 2,777 153,312
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	·	154	· 69	ı	·	326	·	1	· 	40	·	161	·	29	·	ı	·	710
TOTAL LIABILITIES		154		1		326				40		161		29				710
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		2,001		25,447		19,118		33,873		554		2,500		23,039		1,505	`	108,037
Restricted		538		21,842		3,443		4,687		27		143		13,885		•		44,565
Committed Assigned								1 1										
Unassigned		1		1		1		1		١		1		-		1		1
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,539		47,289		22,561		38,560		581		2,643		36,924		1,505	Ì	152,602
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	↔	2,693	မ	\$ 47,289	မ	22,887	v	38,560	8	621	s	2,804	မာ	36,953	မ	1,505	ب	\$ 153,312

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	C & M Hatch	١ ر	Sheepscot	ot	Glidden		Pine Knoll	Whitehouse	Hussey Cemetery	Wo	Worthy Poor	Cemetery Trust	etery ust	Totals	s
REVENUES Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses) Other	₩	137	\$ 5,4	,439 \$	2,174	₩	4,319	\$ 27	\$ 143	6	4,106	↔	(1)	\$ 16,3	16,344 3,506
TOTAL REVENUES		137	7,4	439	2,174	 .	4,319	27	143		4,106		1,505	19,	19,850
EXPENDITURES Other		1		·	•		1	1	1				•		1
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		 -		 -			1	1	1				•		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		137	7,4	439	2,174	.1	4,319	27	143		4,106		1,505	19,8	19,850
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		1		ı	•		ı	ı	ı		ı		ı		1
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		- -									11				- -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	·	137	7,4	,439	2,174		4,319	27	143		4,106		1,505	19,6	19,850
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	2,4	2,402	39,8	850	20,387		34,241	554	2,500	8	32,818		'	132,752	752
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 2,	2,539	\$ 47,2	,289 \$	22,561	∞ ∥	38,560	\$ 581	\$ 2,643	8	36,924	€	1,505	\$ 152,602	302

General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, MAINE

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2016

	La Non-d	Land and Non-depreciable Assets	Buildings, Building Improvements & Land Improvements	Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment & Vehicles	Infrastructure		Totals
General government Public safety Public works Recreation	₩	97,965 33,200 -	\$ 341,651 472,896 - 8,774	\$ 47,720 890,052 87,996	\$ - 3,766,766	↔	487,336 1,396,148 3,854,762 8,774
Total General Capital Assets		131,165	823,321	1,025,768	3,766,766		5,747,020
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		1	(299,988)	(507,713)	(1,838,858)		(2,646,559)
Net General Capital Assets	છ	131,165	\$ 523,333	\$ 518,055	\$ 1,927,908	↔	3,100,461

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE, MAINE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor Pass-through Grantor Program or ClusterTitle	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor Number	Expendit Subreci		ederal enditures
U.S. Department of Education Passed through State of Maine-Department of Education and Cultural Services:					
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027	013.3046.12.10	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 13,300 13,300
Total U.S. Department of Education					 13,300
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$		\$ 13,300

DISCLOSURES:

This Town is not required to have a Uniform Guidance Audit.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2016

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Town of Newcastle, Maine under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Newcastle, Maine, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town of Newcastle, Maine.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- a. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- b. The Town of Newcastle, Maine has not elected to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Proven Expertise and Integrity

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Selectmen Town of Newcastle Newcastle, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newcastle, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Newcastle, Maine's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Newcastle, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Newcastle, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Newcastle, Maine's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Newcastle, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine

December 27, 2016

RHRSmith & company



Proven Expertise and Integrity

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE REQUIREMENTS

Board of Selectmen Town of Newcastle Newcastle, Maine

We have audited the financial statements of Town of Newcastle, Maine for the year ended June 30, 2016 and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2016. Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable state and federal laws relating to financial and compliance audits and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In connection with our audit, we reviewed the budgetary controls that are in place, and have reviewed the annual financial report that was submitted to the Unit for accuracy. In addition we have reviewed the Unit's compliance with applicable provisions of the Maine Finance Act as noted under MRSA Title 20A, section 6051 as we considered necessary in obtaining our understanding.

The results of our procedures indicate that with respect to the items tested, the Town of Newcastle, Maine complied, in all material respects, with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town of Newcastle, Maine was in noncompliance with, or in violation of, those provisions.

Management has determined that adjustments were necessary to the fiscal books of the Town and have attached the following schedule as it relates to the reconciliation of audit adjustments to the initial annual financial data submitted to the MEDMS financial system maintained at the Department.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Selectmen, School Board, management and the Department of Education. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Buxton, Maine

December 27, 2016

RHRSmith & Company

NEWCASTLE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT

RECONCILIATION OF MEDMS ANNUAL REPORT TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Ger	General Fund (1000)	eds	Special Revenue Funds (2000)	Capital Projects Fund (3000)		Totals
June 30 balance per MEDMS financial system	↔	231,636	↔	18,305	· Υ	↔	249,941
Revenue Adjustments: Transition Grant		1		1	1		1
Expenditure Adjustments:		(1,610)		(16,695)			(18,305)
Other adjustments:		1,825					1,825
Audited GAAP Basis Fund balance June 30	σ	231,851	မှ	1,610	φ.	S	233,461